## Today: Short Test Prep to start

## 2.7: Euler's method

Given $\frac{d y}{d t}=f(t, y), y\left(t_{0}\right)=y_{0}$.
How can we estimate the path of a solution, if we can't solve?

Ideas?
Observe:

1. We have a point on the solutions, $y\left(t_{0}\right)=y_{0}$.
2. And we know the slope, $\frac{d y}{d t}$, at any point.

Thoughts?

## Recall:

The equation of a line looks like

$$
y=y_{0}+m\left(t-t_{0}\right)
$$

For a tangent line, the slope is

$$
m=\frac{d y}{d t}=f\left(t_{0}, y_{0}\right)
$$

which we can compute without solving the differential equation!

So we can get the tangent line and take a "small step" in the direction of the tangent line. Then repeat.
(Why a small step?).

Summary (Euler's Method)
To numerically estimate the sol'n:

1. Choosing a step size, $h$.
2. Compute slope

$$
\frac{d y}{d t}=f\left(t_{0}, y_{0}\right)
$$

3. Use tangent line approx..:

$$
y_{1}=y_{0}+f\left(t_{0}, y_{0}\right) h
$$

4. Repeat steps 2-3 to get $y_{2}$, and so on.

Briefly,

$$
\begin{aligned}
y_{n+1} & =y_{n}+f\left(t_{n}, y_{n}\right) h \\
t_{n+1} & =t_{n}+h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example:

Given $\frac{d y}{d t}=2 t-y, y(2)=4$.
Estimate $y(4)$ using Euler's method with step size $\mathrm{h}=0.5$.

For comparison (obtained by integrating factors)

Actual solution:
$y(t)=2\left(t+e^{2-t}-1\right)$, so $y(4)=6.270671$

| $t_{n}$ | $y_{n}$ | $f\left(t_{n}, y_{n}\right)=$ slope | $f\left(t_{n}, y_{n}\right) h=\Delta y$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 4 | $2(2)-(4) \quad=0$ | $(0)(0.5)=0$ |  |
| 2.5 | 4 | $2(2.5)-(4)=1$ | $(1)(0.5)=0.5$ |  |
| 3 | 4.5 | $2(3.0)-(4.5)=1.5$ | $(1.5)(0.5)=0.75$ |  |
| 3.5 | 5.25 | $2(3.5)-(5.25)=1.75$ | $(1.75)(0.5)=0.875$ |  |
| 4 | $? ? ?$ |  |  |  |

Conclusion: $y(4) \approx$

